



# AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.  
400 COMMONWEALTH DRIVE, WARRENDALE, PA. 15096

**AMS 6426B**

Superseding AMS 6426A

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STEEL BARS, FORGINGS, AND TUBING  
0.75Si - 1.0Cr - 0.58Mo (0.80 - 0.90C)  
Vacuum Consumable Melted

## 1. SCOPE:

- 1.1 Form: This specification covers a premium-quality, low alloy steel in the form of bars, forgings, mechanical tubing, and forging stock.
- 1.2 Application: Primarily for critical parts, such as bearing components, for service up to 500° F (260° C) and requiring a through-hardening steel capable of developing hardness not lower than 60 HRC in cross-sections up to 3 in. (76 mm) inclusive.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS: The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of Aerospace Material Specifications (AMS) and Aerospace Standards (AS) shall apply. The applicable issue of other documents shall be as specified in AMS 2350.

- 2.1 SAE Publications: Available from Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc., 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096.

### 2.1.1 Aerospace Material Specifications:

AMS 2251 - Tolerances, Low-Alloy Steel Bars  
AMS 2253 - Tolerances, Carbon and Alloy Steel Tubing  
AMS 2259 - Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Low-Alloy and Carbon Steels  
AMS 2300 - Premium-Aircraft-Quality Steel Cleanliness, Magnetic Particle Inspection Procedures  
AMS 2350 - Standards and Test Methods  
AMS 2370 - Quality Assurance Sampling of Carbon and Low-Alloy Steels, Wrought Products Except Forgings and Forging Stock  
AMS 2372 - Quality Assurance Sampling of Carbon and Low-Alloy Steels, Forgings and Forging Stock  
AMS 2375 - Approval and Control of Critical Forgings  
AMS 2806 - Identification, Bars, Wire, Mechanical Tubing, and Extrusions, Carbon and Alloy Steels and Heat and Corrosion Resistant Steels and Alloys  
AMS 2808 - Identification, Forgings

### 2.1.2 Aerospace Standards:

AS 1182 - Standard Machining Allowance, Aircraft Quality and Premium Quality Steel Products

- 2.2 ASTM Publications: Available from American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

ASTM A370 - Mechanical Testing of Steel Products  
ASTM A604 - Macroetch Testing of Consumable Electrode Vacuum Arc Remelted Steel  
ASTM E45 - Determining the Inclusion Content of Steel  
ASTM E350 - Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron

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2.3 Government Publications: Available from Commanding Officer, Naval Publications and Forms Center, 5801 Tabor Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19120.

2.3.1 Federal Standards:

Federal Test Method Standard No. 151 - Metals; Test Methods

2.3.2 Military Standards:

MIL-STD-163 - Steel Mill Products, Preparation for Shipment and Storage

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Composition: Shall conform to the following percentages by weight, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E350, by spectrographic methods in accordance with Federal Test Method Standard No. 151, Method 112, or by other approved analytical methods:

Ø	min	max
Carbon	0.80	0.90
Manganese	0.20	0.50
Silicon	0.60	0.90
Phosphorus	--	0.015
Sulfur	--	0.015
Chromium	0.85	1.15
Molybdenum	0.50	0.65
Nickel	--	0.15
Copper	--	0.15

3.1.1 Check Analysis: Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS 2259.

3.2 Condition: The product shall be supplied in the following condition; hardness and tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A370:

3.2.1 Bars:

3.2.1.1 Bars 0.500 In. (12.70 mm) and Under in Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides: Hot finished and annealed, with a microstructure of spheroidized cementite in ferrite matrix and having tensile strength not higher than 105,000 psi (724 MPa) or equivalent hardness except that bars ordered annealed and cold finished may have tensile strength as high as 125,000 psi (862 MPa) or equivalent hardness.

3.2.1.2 Bars Over 0.500 In. (12.70 mm) in Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides: Hot finished and annealed, with microstructure of spheroidized cementite in ferrite matrix and having hardness not higher than 207 HB or equivalent, except that bars ordered annealed and cold finished may have hardness as high as 248 HB or equivalent.

3.2.2 Forgings: As ordered.

3.2.3 Mechanical Tubing: Annealed and cold finished with microstructure of spheroidized cementite in ferrite matrix and having hardness not higher than 24 HRC or equivalent, except that tubing ordered hot finished and annealed shall have hardness not higher than 95 HRB or equivalent.

3.2.4 Forging Stock: As ordered by the forging manufacturer.

3.3 Properties: The product shall conform to the following requirements; tensile and hardness testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM A370:

3.3.1 Response to Heat Treatment: Specimens as in 4.3.3 shall have substantially uniform hardness not lower than 66 HRC at any point below any permissible decarburization after being hardened as follows:

3.3.1.1 Specimens, protected by suitable means or treated in an atmosphere to minimize scaling and prevent either carburization or decarburization during heat treatment, shall be placed in a furnace which is at  $1600^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 10$  ( $871^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 6$ ), allowed to heat to  $1600^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 10$  ( $871^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 6$ ), held at heat for 20 min.  $\pm 2$ , and quenched in commercial paraffin oil (100 SUS at  $100^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) at room temperature).

3.3.2 Hardness Retention: Specimens as in 4.3.3 hardened as in 3.3.1.1 shall have room temperature hardness not lower than 60 HRC after being heated for 400 hr  $\pm 1$  at  $500^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 10$  ( $260^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 6$ ). The specimens may be the same specimens used for the test of 3.3.1.

3.3.3 Macrostructure: Visual examination of transverse sections from bars, billets, tube rounds or tubes, and forging stock, etched in accordance with ASTM A604 in hot hydrochloric acid (1:1) at  $160^{\circ} - 180^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $71^{\circ} - 82^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for sufficient time to develop a well-defined macrostructure, shall show no imperfections, such as pipe, cracks, porosity, segregation, and inclusions, detrimental to fabrication or to performance of parts. Except as specified in 3.3.3.1, macrostructure shall be equal to or better than the following macrographs of ASTM A604:

Class	Condition	Severity
1	Freckles	A
2	White Spots	B
3	Radial Segregation	B
4	Ring Pattern	C

3.3.3.1 If tubes are produced directly from ingots or large blooms, transverse sections may be taken from tubes rather than tube rounds. Macrostructure standards for such tubes shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.

3.3.4 Micro-Inclusion Rating: No specimen shall exceed the following limits, determined in accordance with ASTM E45, Method D:

Type	Inclusion Rating			
	A	B	C	D
Thin	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Heavy	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

3.3.4.1 For types A, B, and C thin combined, there shall be not more than three fields of No. 1.5 A, B, and C types and not more than three other lower rateable A, B, and C type thin fields per specimen. For type D thin, there shall not be more than three No. 1.5 fields and not more than five other lower rateable D type thin fields per specimen. There shall be not more than one field each of No. 1.0 A, B, C, or D type heavy per specimen.

3.3.4.2 A rateable field is defined as one which has a type A, B, C, or D inclusion rating of at least 1.0 thin or heavy in accordance with the Jernkontoret Chart, Plate III, ASTM E45.

3.3.5 Decarburization:

3.3.5.1 Bars and tubing ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces. Decarburization on tubing ID shall not exceed the maximum depth specified in 3.3.5.4.

- 3.3.5.2 Allowable decarburization of bars, billets, and tube rounds ordered for redrawing or forging or to specified microstructural requirements other than spheroidized cementite in a ferrite matrix shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.
- 3.3.5.3 Decarburization of bars to which 3.3.5.1 or 3.3.5.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table I.

TABLE I

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Inches	Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to 0.500, incl	0.015
Over 0.500 to 1.000, incl	0.020
Over 1.000 to 1.500, incl	0.025
Over 1.500 to 2.000, incl	0.030
Over 2.000 to 2.500, incl	0.035
Over 2.500 to 3.000, incl	0.040
Over 3.000	0.045

TABLE I (SI)

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Millimetres	Depth of Decarburization Millimetres
Up to 12.70, incl	0.38
Over 12.70 to 25.40, incl	0.51
Over 25.40 to 38.10, incl	0.64
Over 38.10 to 50.80, incl	0.76
Over 50.80 to 63.50, incl	0.89
Over 63.50 to 76.20, incl	1.02
Over 76.20	1.14

- 3.3.5.4 Decarburization of tubing to which 3.3.5.1 or 3.3.5.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than 0.025 in. (0.64 mm) on the ID and 0.025 in. (0.64 mm) on the outside diameter.
- 3.3.5.5 Decarburization shall be measured by Rockwell Superficial 30-N scale or equivalent hardness testing method on hardened but untempered specimens protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization, when measured by a hardness method, is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface below which there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from any adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by any decarburization or lack of decarburization thereon.
- 3.3.5.5.1 When determining the depth of decarburization, it is permissible to disregard local areas provided the decarburization of such areas does not exceed the above limits by more than 0.005 in. (0.13 mm) and the width is 0.065 in. (1.65 mm) or less.

#### 3.4 Quality:

- 3.4.1 Steel shall be premium quality conforming to AMS 2300. It shall be multiple melted using vacuum consumable electrode process in the remelt cycle, unless otherwise permitted.
- 3.4.2 The product, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from internal and external imperfections detrimental to usage of the product.

- 3.4.2.1 Bars and tubing ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from seams, laps, tears, and cracks open to the ground, turned, or polished surfaces.
- 3.4.2.2 Product ordered to surface conditions other than ground, turned, or polished shall, after removal of the standard machining allowance, be free from seams, laps, tears, cracks, and other defects exposed to the machined surfaces. Standard machining allowance shall be in accordance with AS 1182.
- 3.5 Sizes: Except when exact lengths or multiples of exact lengths are ordered, straight bars and tubing will be acceptable in mill lengths of 6 - 20 ft (1.8 - 6.1 m) but not more than 10% of any shipment shall be supplied in lengths shorter than 10 ft (3 m).
- 3.6 Tolerances: Unless otherwise specified, tolerances shall conform to all applicable requirements of the following:
- 3.6.1 Bars: AMS 2251.
- 3.6.2 Mechanical Tubing: AMS 2253.
4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:
- 4.1 Responsibility for Inspection: The vendor of the product shall supply all samples and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Results of such tests shall be reported to the purchaser as required by 4.5. Purchaser reserves the right to perform such confirmatory testing as he deems necessary to ensure that the product conforms to the requirements of this specification.
- 4.2 Classification of Tests:
- 4.2.1 Acceptance Tests: Tests to determine conformance to all technical requirements, except hardness retention (3.3.2), of this specification are classified as acceptance tests.
- 4.2.2 Periodic Tests: Tests to determine conformance to hardness retention (3.3.2) requirements are classified as periodic tests.
- 4.2.3 Preproduction Tests: Tests of forgings to determine conformance to all technical requirements of this specification are classified as preproduction tests.
- 4.2.3.1 For direct U.S. Military procurement of forgings, substantiating test data and, when requested, preproduction forgings shall be submitted to the cognizant agency as directed by the procuring activity, the contracting officer, or the request for procurement.
- 4.3 Sampling: Shall be in accordance with the following: a heat shall be the consumable electrode remelted ingots produced from steel originally melted as a single furnace charge:
- 4.3.1 Bars and Mechanical Tubing: AMS 2370.
- 4.3.2 Forgings and Forging Stock: AMS 2372.
- 4.3.3 Specimens for response to heat treatment and hardness retention tests shall be as follows:
- 4.3.3.1 Specimens from bars shall be full cross sections of the bar, ground on both faces normal to the axis so that length is 0.500 in.  $\pm$  0.010 (12.70 mm  $\pm$  0.25).
- 4.3.3.2 Specimens from mechanical tubing shall be full cross sections of the tubing, shall have wall thickness not over 0.500 in. (12.70 mm) with wall thicknesses over 0.500 in. (12.70 mm) being turned to 0.500 in.  $\pm$  0.010 (12.70 mm  $\pm$  0.25), and shall be ground on both faces so that length is 0.625 in.  $\pm$  0.010 (15.88 mm  $\pm$  0.25).