

**AEROSPACE
MATERIAL
SPECIFICATION**

AMS 4455C

Superseding AMS 4455B

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MAGNESIUM ALLOY CASTINGS, INVESTMENT
10Al (AM100A-T6)
Solution and Precipitation Heat Treated

UNS M10100

1. SCOPE:

- 1.1 Form: This specification covers a magnesium alloy in the form of investment castings.
- 1.2 Application: Primarily for small intricate parts, which may operate up to 300°F (150°C) and are cast to approximately final dimensions, where the intricacy of the part is such that high fluidity of the molten metal is required.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS: The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of Aerospace Material Specifications shall apply. The applicable issue of other documents shall be as specified in AMS 2350.

- 2.1 SAE Publications: Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096.

2.1.1 Aerospace Material Specifications:

AMS 2350 - Standards and Test Methods
AMS 2360 - Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Castings
AMS 2475 - Protective Treatment, Magnesium Alloys
AMS 2635 - Radiographic Inspection
AMS 2645 - Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection
AMS 2646 - Contrast Dye Penetrant Inspection
AMS 2694 - Repair Welding of Aerospace Castings
AMS 2804 - Identification, Castings

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- 2.2 ASTM Publications: Available from American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

ASTM B557 - Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products

ASTM E18 - Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials

ASTM E35 - Chemical Analysis of Magnesium and Magnesium Alloys

ASTM E155 - Reference Radiographs for Inspection of Aluminum and Magnesium Castings, Series III

- 2.3 U.S. Government Publications: Available from Commanding Officer, Naval Publications and Forms Center, 5801 Tabor Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19120.

- 2.3.1 Military Specifications:

MIL-M-6857 - Magnesium Alloy Castings, Heat Treatment of

- 2.3.2 Military Standards:

MIL-STD-649 - Aluminum and Magnesium Products, Preparation for Shipment and Storage

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

- 3.1 Composition: Shall conform to the following percentages by weight, \emptyset determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E35 or by spectrographic or other analytical methods approved by purchaser:

	min	max
Aluminum	9.3	- 10.7
Manganese	0.10	--
Zinc	--	0.30
Silicon	--	0.30
Copper	--	0.10
Nickel	--	0.01
Other Impurities, each	--	0.10
Other Impurities, total	--	0.30
Magnesium	remainder	

- 3.2 Condition: Solution and precipitation heat treated.

- 3.3 Casting: Castings shall be poured either from remelted metal from a master heat or directly from a master heat. In either case, metal for casting shall be qualified as in 3.4.

- 3.3.1 A master heat is refined metal of a single furnace charge or is metal blended as in 3.3.2. Gates, sprues, risers, and rejected castings shall be used only in preparation of master heats; they shall not be remelted directly, without refining, for pouring of castings. Furnace or ladle additions of grain-refining elements or alloys are permissible. If grain-refining elements or alloys are not added, the molten metal shall be subjected to superheating or other grain-refining treatment.
- 3.3.2 Unless prohibited by purchaser, metal from two or more master heats may be blended provided the composition of each master heat to be blended is within the limits of 3.1 and the total weight of metal blended does not exceed 10,000 lb (4500 kg). Ingot and pig may be blended together, shot may be blended, but shot shall not be blended with ingot or pig. When two or more master heats are blended, the resultant blend shall be considered a master heat.
- 3.4 Master Heat Qualification: Each master heat shall be qualified by evaluation of chemical analysis and tensile specimens conforming to 3.4.1 and 3.4.2, respectively. A master heat may be considered conditionally qualified if vendor's test results show conformance to all applicable requirements of this specification. However, except when purchaser waives confirmatory testing, final qualification shall be based on purchaser's test results. Conditional qualification of a master heat shall not be construed as a guarantee of acceptance of castings poured therefrom.
- 3.4.1 Chemical Analysis Specimens: Shall be of any convenient size, shape, and form for vendor's tests. When chemical analysis specimens are required by purchaser, specimens shall be cast to a size, shape, and form agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.
- 3.4.2 Tensile Specimens: Shall be cast from remelted metal from each master heat except when castings are poured directly from a master heat, in which case the specimens shall also be poured directly from the master heat. Specimens shall be of standard proportions in accordance with ASTM B557 with 0.250 in. (6.25 mm) at the reduced parallel gage section. They shall be cast to size or shall be cast oversize and subsequently machined to 0.250 in. (6.25 mm) diameter. Center gating may be used.
- 3.5 Heat Treatment: Castings and representative tensile specimens shall be solution and precipitation heat treated in accordance with MIL-M-6857. At least one set of tensile specimens shall, during each stage of heat treatment, be put into a batch-type furnace with each load of castings or into a continuous furnace at intervals of not longer than three hours.
- 3.6 Properties: Castings and representative tensile specimens produced in accordance with 3.4.2 shall conform to the following requirements:
- 3.6.1 Tensile Properties: Shall be as follows, determined in accordance with ASTM B557; conformance to the requirements of 3.6.1.1 shall be used as basis for acceptance of castings except when purchaser specifies that the requirements of 3.6.1.2 apply:

3.6.1.1 Separately-Cast Specimens:

Tensile Strength, min	34,000 psi (235 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, min	20,000 psi (140 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, min	2%

3.6.1.2 Specimens Cut from Castings:

3.6.1.2.1 The average of not less than four, and preferably ten, specimens cut from thick and thin sections of a casting or castings shall be as follows:

Tensile Strength, min	25,500 psi (175 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, min	11,500 psi (80 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, min	1%

3.6.1.2.2 Any specimen cut from a casting shall meet the following:

Tensile Strength, min	17,000 psi (115 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, min	9,500 psi (65 MPa)

3.6.1.2.3 When properties other than those of 3.6.1.2.1 or 3.6.1.2.2 are required, tensile specimens as in 4.3.4 taken from locations indicated on the drawing, from a casting or castings chosen at random to represent the lot, shall have the properties indicated on the drawing for such specimens. Property requirements may be designated in accordance with AMS 2360.

3.6.2 Hardness: Castings, except at sprue and riser locations, should have hardness of 70 - 95 HRE, or equivalent, determined in accordance with ASTM E18 but castings shall not be rejected on the basis of hardness if the tensile property requirements of 3.6.1.2 are met.

3.7 Quality:

3.7.1 Castings, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the castings.

3.7.1.1 Castings shall have smooth surfaces and shall be well cleaned.
Standards for acceptance shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.

3.7.2 Castings shall be produced under radiographic control. This control shall consist of radiographic examination of castings in accordance with AMS 2635 until proper foundry technique, which will produce castings free from harmful imperfections, is established for each part number and of production castings as necessary to ensure maintenance of satisfactory quality.

3.7.3 When specified, castings shall be subjected to fluorescent penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS 2645 or to contrast dye penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS 2646.

3.7.4 Radiographic, fluorescent penetrant, contrast dye penetrant, and other quality standards shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor. ASTM E155 may be used to define radiographic acceptance standards.

3.7.5 Castings shall not be repaired by peening, plugging, welding, or other methods without written permission from purchaser.

3.7.5.1 When permitted in writing by purchaser, defects in castings may be removed and the castings repaired by welding in accordance with AMS 2694.

3.7.6 Castings shall not be impregnated, chemically treated, or coated to prevent leakage unless specified or allowed by written permission of purchaser designating the method to be used.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection: The vendor of castings shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Results of such tests shall be reported to the purchaser as required by 4.5. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the castings conform to the requirements of this specification.

4.2 Classification of Tests:

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests: Except as specified in 4.2.1.1, tests to determine conformance to requirements for composition (3.1), tensile properties of separately-cast specimens (3.6.1.1), hardness (3.6.2), and quality (3.7) are classified as acceptance tests and shall be performed to represent each master heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.1.1 Tensile properties of specimens cut from castings shall be determined only when specified by purchaser or when separately-cast specimens are not available. Tensile properties of separately-cast specimens need not be determined when tensile properties of specimens cut from castings are determined.

4.2.2 Preproduction Tests: Tests to determine conformance to all technical requirements of this specification are classified as preproduction tests and shall be performed prior to or on the first-article shipment of a casting to a purchaser, when a change in material, processing, or both requires reapproval as in 4.4.2, and when purchaser deems confirmatory testing to be required.

- 4.2.2.1 For direct U.S. Military procurement, substantiating test data and, when requested, preproduction test material shall be submitted to the cognizant agency as directed by the procuring activity, the contracting officer, or the request for procurement.
- 4.3 Sampling: Shall be in accordance with the following; a lot shall be not more than 800 lb (365 kg) of cast metal, including gates, sprues, and risers, produced in not more than five consecutive hours from a single master heat, solution and precipitation heat treated as a single heat treatment batch, and presented for vendor's inspection at one time:
- 4.3.1 Two chemical analysis specimens in accordance with 3.4.1 from each master heat or a casting from each lot.
- 4.3.2 Three tensile specimens in accordance with 3.4.2 from each lot.
- 4.3.3 Two preproduction castings in accordance with 4.4.1 of each part number.
- 4.3.4 One or more castings from each lot when properties are required from specimens machined from castings. Specimens shall conform to ASTM B557 and shall be either 0.250 in. (6.25 mm) diameter at the reduced parallel gage section, subsize specimens proportional to the standard, or standard sheet-type specimens. For determining conformance to the requirements of 3.6.1.2.3, if specimen locations are not shown on the drawing, not less than four tensile specimens, two from the thickest section and two from the thinnest section, shall be cut from a casting or castings representing each lot.
- 4.4 Approval:
- 4.4.1 Sample castings from new or reworked master patterns and the casting procedure shall be approved by purchaser before castings for production use are supplied, unless such approval be waived by purchaser.
- 4.4.2 Vendor shall establish separately for tensile specimens used for master heat qualification and for production of sample castings of each part number parameters for the process control factors which will produce tensile specimens meeting master heat qualification requirements and acceptable castings; these shall constitute the approved casting procedure and shall be used for producing subsequent master heat qualification specimens and production castings. If necessary to make any change in parameters for the process control factors, vendor shall submit for reapproval a statement of the proposed changes in processing and, when requested by purchaser, test specimens, sample castings, or both. Production castings incorporating the revised operations shall not be shipped prior to receipt of reapproval.

- 4.4.2.1 Control factors for producing test specimens and castings include, but are not limited to, the following:

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Type of furnace and its capacity
 Type and size of furnace charge
 Time molten metal is in furnace
 Furnace atmosphere
 Fluxing or deoxidation procedure
 Number of ladles used in pour
 Mold refractory formulation
 Gating practices
 Mold preheat and metal pouring temperatures (variations of $\pm 25^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($\pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$) from established limits are permissible)
 Solidification and cooling procedures
 Solution and precipitation heat treatment cycles
 Cleaning operations
 Methods of inspection

- 4.4.2.1.1 Any of the above process control factors for which parameters are considered proprietary by the vendor may be assigned a code designation. Each variation in such parameters shall be assigned a modified code designation.

4.5 Reports:

- 4.5.1 The vendor of castings shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the results of tests for chemical composition of at least one casting, or of specimens as in 3.4.1 cast in a mold with the parts, from each master heat represented, the results of tests for tensile properties of separately-cast specimens representing each lot or of specimens cut from castings from each lot, and stating that the castings conform to the other technical requirements of this specification. This report shall include the purchase order number, lot number, AMS 4455C, part number, and quantity from each lot.

- 4.5.2 The vendor of finished or semi-finished parts shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the purchase order number, AMS 4455C, contractor or other direct supplier of castings, part number, and quantity. When castings for making parts are produced or purchased by the parts vendor, that vendor shall inspect each lot of castings to determine conformance to the requirements of this specification and shall include in the report either a statement that the castings conform or copies of laboratory reports showing the results of tests to determine conformance.

- 4.6 Resampling and Retesting: If any specimen used in the above tests fails to meet the specified requirements, disposition of the castings may be based on the results of testing two additional specimens for each original nonconforming specimen. Failure of any retest specimen to meet the specified requirements shall be cause for rejection of the master heat in